Unit 7 · Making Predictions

HARDER PRACTICE QUESTIONS

Full marks 44

Write your answers on separate paper.

1 Word families [3]

Complete each sentence with the correct form of the word in brackets.

i. Every year, thousands of young people ..... (migration) to the Gulf to work.
ii. The floods were a ..... (disaster) event for the farmers of Saptari.
iii. She ..... (intention) to stay for only two years.
iv. A new road may ..... (enrichment) the whole valley.
v. Thunderstorms have ..... (occurrence) at a few places in the east.
vi. Each ..... (migration) in the group sends money home every month.

2 Reading: an unseen forecast [7]

Weather Report for Tuesday (made-up figures)

Yesterday's weather

Station	Max. temp. (°C)	Min. temp. (°C)	Rainfall in 24 hrs. (mm)
Surkhet	33.4	24.0	0.0
Pokhara	27.5	21.0	61.3
Kathmandu	26.8	19.9	12.5
Jomsom	21.2	12.6	0.4
Dharan	30.1	23.2	18.0

Forecast for tonight and tomorrow

Tonight: Generally cloudy in the eastern and central regions, and partly cloudy in the remaining regions. Light to moderate rain with thunder and lightning is likely at a few places in the central region.

Tomorrow: Mainly fair in the western region in the morning. Mostly cloudy elsewhere, with heavy rain at one or two places in the Gandaki region. Travelers on the Pokhara road should take care, as landslides may occur.

a. Which station had the most rain, and how much? [1]

b. Which station had the greatest difference between its maximum and minimum temperatures? Show the number. [1]

c. Amit reads the report and says, "It rained in Jomsom, Kathmandu and Dharan, so it rained hard everywhere yesterday." Give **two** pieces of evidence from the table that show he is wrong. [2]

d. "Light to moderate rain … at a few places in the central region." Which of these can you be sure of? [1]

a. All of the central region will get wet.
b. The rain will be heavy.
c. Most of the central region may stay dry, and the rain won't be heavy.
d. It will rain in Kathmandu.

e. Why does the forecast warn travelers about the Pokhara road? Use the table as well as the forecast. [1]

f. What does “remaining” mean in “the remaining regions”? [1]

3 Will or be going to? [5]

Choose the better form and say why: a sign you can see, an opinion, a plan, or a decision made while speaking.

i. Look at those black clouds! It ..... (will / is going to) rain.
ii. I think Nepal ..... (will / is going to) win the next match.
iii. We have bought the tickets. We ..... (will / are going to) fly to Bhairahawa on Sunday.
iv. “The gas has run out.” “Don’t worry. I ..... (will / am going to) call the shop.”
v. Be careful! That ladder ..... (will / is going to) fall.

4 At or by? [2]

Explain the difference in meaning.

i. *At noon, she will reach Tansen.* / *By noon, she will have reached Tansen.*
ii. *I will finish the book next week.* / *In a week’s time, I will have finished the book.*

5 Anisha’s plan [4]

Anisha has written her trek in a table. Today is Sunday. Write **four** sentences about what she will have done, using *by*, *by the time* and the future perfect. One must be negative.

Day	What she plans
Monday	fly to Lukla
Tuesday	walk to Namche
Thursday	reach Tengboche
Saturday	come back to Lukla

6 Push or pull? [2]

Read the notes about Anil, and copy and complete the table.
no jobs in his village; a friend says that the pay in Qatar is good; the river has washed away the family’s field; a company offers him a contract and a room

Push factors	Pull factors

7 American spelling [3]

Rewrite the sentence in American spelling, and name each pattern.

Our neighbour travelled to the theatre in the centre of town to apologise for the colour of the paint.

8 Punctuation [5]

This paragraph has **ten** errors in punctuation and capital letters. Write it out correctly.

my brother kiran wants to go to japan next year however he hasnt learned the language yet. When he gets his visa he will leave our village. I think hell miss the hills

9 Writing: two paragraphs [6]

Write a couple of paragraphs (about 110 words) on **Our Village in Twenty Years.** Address these questions: What is it like now? What is changing? What will have happened by then? What will you do? Use the present simple, *will* or *be going to*, and at least one future perfect.

10 For and against [4]

"Migration does more good than harm to a village in Nepal." Do you agree? Give your view and one reason (about 70 words). Then state the best argument **against** your view, and reply to it. Use ideas from "Migration" in your textbook.

11 Think [3]

"Weather Forecast" and "Migration" in your textbook both tell us about the future. Which of the two can we trust more, and why? What can we do with a prediction that may be wrong?